





## REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

For State Treasurer,  
**THOMAS S. RIDGWAY,**  
Of Gallatin.

For Superintendent of Public Instruction,  
**WILLIAM B. POWELL,**  
Of Kane.

For Comptroller of the Treasury,  
**JOSEPH G. CANNON,**  
Of Douglas.

## LEGISLATIVE TICKET.

For Senator,  
**KILBURN H. ROBY,**  
Of Macon.

For Representatives,  
**EPHRAIM B. HARROLD,**  
**JOHN H. TYLER,**  
Of De Witt.

## COUNTY TICKET.

For Sheriff,  
**ISAAC D. JENNINGS.**

For Coroner,  
**M. Y. GIVLER.**

## HOW IT WOULD AFFECT THE FINANCES.

The following is from the New York Times of Friday:

"Yesterday an incident occurred in this city which is worth relating—and we do so for the sake of the story is not manufactured for electioneering purposes, but is literally true. A Western correspondent of one of our foremost banking houses called yesterday on the firm, and requested it to sell five hundred bonds to a large amount, of which he was the owner. This having been done, and the gold handed over to him, a member of the firm had the curiosity to ask him why he had decided to sell out of his bonds so suddenly? The visitor replied, 'Because out of our way the Democrats have been winning some victories, and your people down here tell me they are likely to do the same in New York. If they are going to do that, I want to stand from under, and I should advise everybody to do the same.' We beg to repeat that this is a true story, related to us by the banker in whose house the incident took place."

It has been well said that nothing is so conservative as capital, and no class of men seem impending danger to the public finances so quickly or intuitively as those who deal in bonds and stocks. The financial history of the late war sufficiently proves the truth of this proposition. When the nation was engaged in a life and death struggle with armed treason, and when the fortunes of war brought alternate victory or defeat to our arms, no gauge of the changeable prospects of the issue was so reliable as that afforded by the fluctuations of the stock market. A crushing defeat of the national armies was sure to send the price of gold kiting upwards, while a rout of the enemy just as surely advanced the market value of government securities.

In these dark days the position of the Democratic party was such as to forfeit the confidence of all who felt an interest in the triumph of the government, no matter whether that interest arose from purely patriotic impulses, or from a mere financial motive, and so it came to pass that the latter class—as well as the former—justifiably concluded that the Democratic party was one of dangerous tendencies and unsound principles. It has been so regarded ever since, and for nine years past the record of its financial history abundantly substantiates the fact that the great monetary interests of the country naturally and justly look to the government falling into the hands of that party.

The Democratic organs and orators, however, will never let us hear of the demagogue cry of "down with the moneyed monopolies and up with the laboring classes." This is an appeal to the passions of the unthinking has had its effect in days past, but since people have come to study this question in its proper light they have been easily enabled to understand how, in a country with a currency based upon the faith of the people in the stability of the government, everything which tends to weaken that faith effects disastrously the interests of the poorest and most humble individual of the land. The price of every barrel of corn, every pound of beef and pork, the wages of the mechanic and day laborer, the earnings of the professional man, the profits of the merchant and manufacturer—all these are governed and controlled by the same laws which affect the prices of bonds and stocks. One cannot be depreciated without affecting all the rest, so that the "short horn" cry amounts to empty demagoguery, and nothing more. But these same "organs" are busily engaged in trying to convince the peo-

ple that there is no longer a Democratic party to fear, and that the triumph of the mongrel crew which they represent will not operate upon the finances of the country in the same manner as would a Democratic victory. But it is true, nevertheless, that in all the elections which have occurred in the month of October, and over the results of which these same "organs" have been rejoicing so lustily, the "gains" have been uniformly those of the Democratic party, excepting only the single instance of the election of one "anti-monopolist" to Congress in Iowa. Where, then, is the prospect that the new party will ever grow into the dignity and importance of an "opposition?" What is there to hope for, in the shape of an opposition to the Republican party, except the old-fashioned Democracy, with all its dangerous tendencies and unsound theories of government? In none of the States east of Illinois is there to-day any political organization besides the Republican and Democratic parties. There will be no other in 1876, and every victory achieved this fall in Illinois over the regular Republican candidates will be looked upon elsewhere as a Democratic triumph, and will have the same effect both politically and financially.

We copied an article yesterday from the Missouri Statesman in which that paper stated that the so-called People's movement in that State was a "Radical dodge." We have long since been convinced of that fact, and each day's revelation of the canvass only goes to confirm us in our previously formed opinion.—*Maguet and Tribune.*

Suppose the People's movement in Missouri is a "Radical dodge," is that a good reason why the "ponderous scribe" should support the Bourbon ticket in that State? Does not the "ponderous scribe" know that the platform of the Independent Reform party explicitly declares "that the recent record of the political parties of this country is such as to forfeit the confidence and respect of the people?" Perhaps he thinks the Independent Reform movement in this State is a "Democratic dodge," and this would account for the "milk in the coconut."

OUR POLITICAL CREED.—We believe in civil and religious liberty; the right to vote for whom we please without interference from our neighbors; the right to travel or reside in any State without danger to life, limb, or property; the right to enjoy every public advantage that tends to the improvement of mankind; the right to make ourselves all that self-development can secure; the right to enjoy free opinion; free speech, free schools, and a free ballot. In a word, we believe that all men, rich or poor, great or small, strong or weak, should have equal protection under the laws of the land, and an equal right to grow in their individuality to the highest stature of manhood that it is possible for them to attain. This is our political creed, and for this reason we favor the Republican party as the only one that can permit us to enjoy it.

A GREAT victory awaits the Republican party in Illinois on the 3d of November. From all parts of the State we have the most gratifying intelligence. The State ticket has hardly an opposition, while it is believed that we will elect all our Congressmen in the Republican districts, with chances in favor of a gain of one or two in other districts. The Legislature will undoubtedly be largely Republican in both branches.

How IT WORKS.—Some time ago a German came from father-land to Cincinnati with \$10,000 to invest. On the advice of his bankers he purchased some Government bonds. He has drawn his interest on them regularly, and was pleased with this investment. Last Wednesday he called on his bankers to direct the bonds to be sold. "What is the trouble?" was asked. "Why do you sell them?" The reply came quickly, "I don't like these Democratic victories. I am afraid of them. They talk too much repudiation." The bonds were sold. With the proceeds a draft was brought on Hamburg, and the money is on its way back to the old country. This is one of the fruits of the Democratic victory over which the "ponderous scribe" is cackling with the sense of an old hen.

JOHN A. HOCKADAY, Democratic candidate for Attorney General, and advertised as "Missouri's most gifted son," spoke at Regan's Hall, Carthage, last Friday. He said: "Mr. President, When the Democracy returns to power in the nation, we propose to remove that infamous tax on whisky and tobacco, and return to those good old Democratic times before the war when whisky sold at 15 cents a gallon, and the people used it instead of water." [Cheers.]

If the "ponderous scribe," of the *Maguet and Tribune*, was now a resident of Missouri he would write for John A. Hockaday.

## OUR LEGISLATIVE TICKET.

The election of the Republican candidates for senator and representatives is a matter of sufficient importance to call forth the efforts of every member of the party in this county. Never have the Republicans of this district had the opportunity of supporting for the legislature more unexceptionable men—than those comprising the ticket this fall. Of the three, not one can be charged with any act, public or private, which should bring the blush of shame to his cheek. All are men of the highest personal character, and all are known to possess abilities which fit them for the responsible duties of legislators.

Kilburn H. Roby, Esq., our nominee for senator, has resided in Decatur about fifteen years. Here he bears a reputation for integrity and uprightness which no man can question, and his position at the bar—acquired by years of hard study and close attention to business—is such as to command the highest respect. He has never held office, but is fresh from the people, and his habits and acquirements are such as to peculiarly fit him for the duties of a legislator. He is as far superior to his opponent, in every attribute that goes to make up the competent legislator, as Gen. Sherman is to John A. McClellan in a military sense.

Our candidates for representatives, Mr. Ephraim B. Harrold and Dr. John H. Tyler, are well-known citizens of De Witt county, where they have resided for many years, and where they both enjoy the confidence and respect of their neighbors. The former is a successful farmer, and has held a seat in the board of supervisors of the county. He is recognized by all who know him as a man of the soundest judgment, and the most eminent practical sense. Dr. Tyler is a practicing physician—a gentleman of education and high character. Among those who know him best he is regarded as exceptionally well qualified for the position to which he has been nominated. That he would make a most excellent representative none doubt who are acquainted with him.

Our tickets are a faultless one; it ought to receive the cordial support of every Republican in the county.

## PICKRELL HIT BY HIS FRIENDS.

"One of the most dangerous propositions ever offered to the American people, or that any party ever advocated, is 'Free Banking' as proposed by President Grant, and adopted by the Republican party in this State as a chief financial plank. We hope the voters will remember that Thos. S. Ridgway, the Republican candidate for State Treasurer, and Joseph G. Cannon, the Republican candidate for Congress, fully endorse and are pledged to carry out this monstrous platform if they are elected."

We would suggest to the Union that it had better beg, steal, borrow or hire some good horse sense, and get posted about the views of Mr. Pickrell on the subject of free banking before it makes another attack on those who are in favor of such a system. We are glad to be able to state from actual knowledge that J. H. Pickrell is in favor of free banking and opposed to the present system, because it is a monopoly. And free banking is Democratic because it is open to all who have requisite capital and will conform to the law. Democrats, in this respect, Pickrell is O. K. The blunders of the Union in thus striking out in the dark, and unwittingly hitting its own candidates only shows too plainly the truth of the old saying that "when a man undertakes to communicate straightway falls into innumerable difficulties from which he cannot extricate himself." We would suggest to Pick, that he choose at least two new "organs," for between Schoff, of the Union, and Gorman, of the *Maguet and Tribune*, they have given him some devilish hard blows. The burden of Pick's next speech will be, "Save me from my friends." We would suggest, getting better over, but the last kick from Schoff will make P. exclaim, as Cesar did, when Brutus stabbed him, "Et tu, Brute!" By way of translation, it may be observed that this expression does not mean "brutal," as applicable to Schoff's "kick," nor has it reference to any bull, brute, but solely to Brutus—"And you, Brutus!" Certainly, Gorman and Schoff should be pronounced the worst friends that Pickrell has in the district. We throw up the sponge.—*Champaign Times, Democratic.*

A CHARLESTON (S. C.) correspondent, special to the *Chicago Inter-Ocean*, says: "Senator Oglesby spoke here to-day to the largest assemblage of people that was ever seen in this place. The speech was long, able, and brilliant, and had a most excellent effect. The occasion was one of the greatest enthusiasm, and to all was a thorough success."

ANDERSON, Oct. 27.—Nancy Mawson, a woman who has been confined in jail in this city on a charge of being an accomplice in the murder of her son Albert, whose remains were found in an old well on her farm on Wednesday last, committed suicide last night, by taking poison. It is thought that her son-in-law and his wife will be arrested on suspicion of being implicated in the murder.

First-class Boots and Shoes made by Powers, Ferriss & Co.

## TELEGRAPHIC.

3 O'CLOCK, P. M.  
[Reported Expressly for the Daily Republican.]

## The Forged New Orleans Letters.

## STARVATION IN NEBRASKA

## How they Discuss Politics Among the "F. F. V's."

## MEETING OF THE WOMEN'S TEMPERANCE LEAGUE.

## Trial of the Safe Burglars.

## SUICIDE OF AN INDIANA MURDERER.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 27.—In the safe burglary case to-day, in the absence of the jury, the court was addressed on the subject of newspaper criticisms on this trial, which were, the speaker said, illegal and might be stopped if persisted in. They are an intimidation, and should be suppressed until after the trial was concluded. After the recalling of the jury, Oscar D. Madge, Supervisor of the Special Agents of the Treasury, testified that he had, in consequence of an interview held with George Carter, of Baltimore, had an interview with Harrington, Shepard and Col. Howe. He told them that Carter had informed him that Columbus Alexander was implicated in the robbery of the Government safe, and had agreed to furnish \$1,000 for the purpose.

Harrington said he was investigating the matter and was fixing up a chain of evidence. Witness offered aid in working up the matter, but Shepard said Harrington was doing all that was necessary. Harrington was anxious to have witness employ Carter, but witness declined. Gustave Zereth testified to an acquaintance with Nettleship. The Court became engaged in an argument as to the admissibility of certain questions asked witness, who is under indictment in the case.

After recess, Davidge concluded his argument, and the Court decided the prosecution might continue its line of examination. Zereth then related how he met Nettleship in Newark, and receiving money to pay his expenses to Washington, where Nettleship promised to meet him; met Demair and Hayes in Washington; heard Hayes tell Demair he could get those books and papers; he followed Hayes to the depot Saturday night; Hayes wanted to go alone; at the depot Hayes met Nettleship, and the two drove in a hack to the Owen House, witness following. Hayes came out and said Nettleship would not see Zereth, that this was the greatest put up job in the country, and if witness did not leave the city all would go to the penitentiary in the morning. Nettleship gave him \$10 and told him to go home, which he did. Hayes told him this was a big put up job on Columbus Alexander, and that it was put up by Nettleship and his chief, Whitley.

The Court ruled out reference to Whitley until he was connected with the case in some other matter.

BLOOMINGTON, Oct. 27.—The convention of the Women's Temperance League of this State convened in this city to-day at 10 o'clock. The attendance was quite large, and representatives from all parts of the State were present. The convention opened with prayer by Mrs. Hemmaway, of Freeport. A permanent organization was effected. Afterwards interesting reports were made of the work done in the various districts. The welcoming address was delivered by Mrs. Jennie F. Williams, and, owing to the absence of Mrs. Governor Beveridge, Mrs. O. B. Wilson, of Chicago, responded. To-night there was a large mass meeting in Durley Hall. Addresses were made by Dr. Fowler, of Chicago, and Mrs. Washington, of Alton.

RICHMOND, Oct. 27.—During a political discussion, yesterday, between J. B. Soner, Republican candidate for reelection to Congress from the first district, and B. B. Douglas, the Conservative candidate, an affray occurred in which Soner had his arm broken and was otherwise badly hurt. The difficulty originated in a remark by Soner in reference to Congressman Beck, of Kentucky, which Douglas corrected, when words of an insulting character were interchanged. Douglas then threw a tumbler at Soner, and a fight followed, the crowd rushing on the platform. In the scuffle Soner received the injuries mentioned.

New York, Oct. 27.—In the case of W. F. G. Shanks, city editor of the *Tribune*, wherein appeal had been taken from the decision of Judge Parohet, discharging Shanks from the custody of the Sheriff of King's county, the Supreme Court, general term, has given a decision ordering that Shanks be remanded to the custody of the Kings county Sheriff. The case originated in the refusal of Shanks, to give the Grand Jury of Brooklyn the name of the writer of certain alleged libellous articles in the *Tribune*, upon which information the person claiming to be libelled proposed to base action at law.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 27.—The letters telegraphed yesterday from New Orleans purporting to have involved Senator Morton's Gen. Babcock, Clerk McPherson and others in money transactions in behalf of the Kellogg government, are simply forgeries. It was well known, too, by those holding them in New Orleans that they were forged. They were exhibited to anti-Kellogg men several months ago, and before the late troubles began, and were then discovered to be forgeries and repudiated. They were in the possession of an adventurer from Washington, whose character was fully ascertained. The present publication of these forged letters, then, is clearly with the full knowledge of their falsity.

The President yesterday ordered the peremptory dismissal of Thos. Ochiltree, U. S. Marshal of the Western District of Texas. This action was based on the report on Texas affairs, wherein Ochiltree is charged with having received money for aiding to procure Federal appointments.

The Secretary of the Treasury has ordered the summary dismissal of A. D. Newcomb of the secret service force, who has just been shown to have been connected with those who helped arrange the safe burglary.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., October 27.—A special to the *Courier-Journal* from Shelbyville, Ky., to-night, says the young negro girl who was shot by masked men Sunday morning is resting easily, and will probably recover.

The affair has produced intense excitement in the vicinity. The place where the outrage was committed is among the hills, inhabited by a very rough population.

A *Courier-Journal* correspondent had a conversation with Gov. Leslie, at Frankfort, to-night, relative to the outrage, in which the Governor said he had as yet no further information as to the affair than the account in the papers, but as soon as he has an official report from the county officers, he will use every power vested in him to bring these outlaws to justice, as indeed, he intends to use his power to put down lawlessness and violence in any part of the State in which they may crop out. Gov. Leslie's prompt action in other recent cases of the same kind, is a guarantee that he means what he says.

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## New Advertisements.

## CHANCERY NOTICE.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, ss.  
Circuit Court of Mason County, December term, A. D. 1874.

Catherine E. Bowwell and Irvin Hoping vs. Samuel Hoping, R. H. Meriwether, Charles D. Lyon, Marietta D. Hazen and Pruess Hazen.

IN CHANCERY.

Affidavit taken at the residence of Marietta D. Hazen, and Pruess Hazen, defendants above named, cannot, upon diligent inquiry, be located. The defendants are to be notified by publication in the office of the clerk of said circuit court, of the fact that a summons and return thereon have been filed in this cause, and that the complainants heretofore filed their bill of complaint in said court, on the chancery side thereof, and that a summons thereupon issued out of said court against said defendants, returnable at the court house in the city of Decatur, on the first Monday of December next, A. D. 1874.

Now, therefore, you are notified that if you do not appear and answer to said summons before said court, on the first day of a term thereof to be held at Decatur, in said county, on the first Monday of December next, A. D. 1874, you will be held in default, and the bill of complaint taken as confessed, and a decree entered against you, according to the prayer of said bill.

W. C. JOHNS, Comptroller's Solr.  
Decatur, Oct. 26, 1874-daw.

NEW STORE!  
NEW FIRM!  
NEW GOODS!

H. B. LEWIS, (formerly with H. B. Lewis & Bro.)  
JAS. MILLIGAN, (formerly with Milligan & Skelley.)

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LOUISVILLE, Ky., October 27.—A special to the *Courier-Journal* from Shelbyville, Ky., to-night, says the young negro girl who was shot by masked men Sunday morning is resting easily, and will probably recover.

The affair has produced intense excitement in the vicinity. The place where the outrage was committed is among the hills, inhabited by a very rough population.

A *Courier-Journal* correspondent had a conversation with Gov. Leslie, at Frankfort, to-night, relative to the outrage, in which the Governor said he had as yet no further information as to the affair than the account in the papers, but as soon as he has an official report from the county officers, he will use every power vested in him to bring these outlaws to justice, as indeed, he intends to use his power to put down lawlessness and violence in any part of the State in which they may crop out. Gov. Leslie's prompt action in other recent cases of the same kind, is a guarantee that he means what he says.

CHICAGO, Oct. 27.—Information from Southern Nebraska shows thousands of people to be starving. Baked squash and turnips feed many, and flour and water others. Ten thousand people in this State will need aid to protect them from starvation and cold during the coming winter.

Chicago, Oct. 27.—A woman named Susan Jane must have been recently dressed when she was looking out for her lover and sang:

He'll come to-night, the wind's at rest,  
The moon and stars  
I'll wear the dress that pleased him best,



**S**



